

JANESEVILLE, WISCONSIN, MONDAY, FEBRUARY 15, 1909.

VOLUME LII.

NATION'S DUTY FOR CHILDREN

President Sends To Congress Strong Message
On The Important Subject This
Morning.

FROM THE REPORT OF CONFERENCE

Chief Executive Points How Closely The Interests Of The
Country Are Involved In Welfare And Development
Of The Dependent Child.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, Feb. 15.—Legislation, which it is believed if enacted into law, will make an important epoch in the future welfare of the dependent children of the nation, is recommended in a special message by President Roosevelt sent to congress today in which he makes a strong plea in the interest of children coming within this class.

Of particular importance is the president's recommendation for the establishment of a Federal Children's Bureau; the enactment of such legislation as will bring the laws and practices in regard to the care of dependent children in all federal territory into harmony and certain legislation in behalf of dependent children in the District of Columbia. The president believes that such legislation is important not only for the welfare of the children immediately concerned, but important "as setting an example of a high standard of child protection by the national government to the several states of the union, which should be able to look to the nation for leadership in such matters."

The president also transmits with his message to congress a copy of the conclusions, together with the full text of the proceedings of the recent conferences here on the care of dependent children, in accordance with the request of that organization. Declaring that their conclusions "constitute a wise, constructive, and progressive program of child-caring work," the president says that if "given full effect by the proper agencies, existing methods and practices in almost every community would be profoundly and advantageously modified."

Statistics showing the large number of dependent children in the country are presented by Mr. Roosevelt. "Each of those children represents either a potential addition to the productive capacity and the enlightened citizenship of the nation," says the president, "or, if allowed to suffer from neglect, a potential addition to the destructive forces of the community. The ranks of criminals and other enemies of society are recruited in an altogether undue proportion from children bereft of their natural homes and left without sufficient care. The interests of the nation are involved in the welfare of this army of children no less than in our great natural affairs."

"In urging a children's bureau, one of whose duties will be to investigate a report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children and child

(Continued on page 3.)

PAYS A FINE BUT MAY NOT STOP OUSTER PROCEEDING

Pierce-Waters Company Complies With The
Ruling Of The Missouri Court.

Jefferson City, Mo., Feb. 15.—On the grounds that the Waters-Pierce Oil company of Missouri has not complied with the ouster decree of the state supreme court, an answer was filed with the court at the suggestion that the ouster be made "effective" against the concern based upon fact that the company has not furnished satisfactory evidence it has several relations with the Standard Oil company.

File Statement

Henry S. Priest of St. Louis and H. Clay Pierce, chairman of the board of directors of the Waters-Pierce Oil company, today filed in the supreme court of Missouri an acceptance of

ruuter, which they made against Senator Stephen.

The aged senator and nominee in the primary election is likely to be the first witness as he desires to return to his duties at Washington at the earliest possible moment. His testimony will be brief and it is said unimportant as he personally had little to do with the operation of his campaign, and in fact all he did, as set forth in his sworn statement with Secretary of State Frantz, was to draw checks aggregating \$111,000 in favor of E. A. Edmunds, J. H. Pulte, and J. A. Van Cleve.

All seven of the candidates will be examined; even Jacob Rummell, who filed a statement that he spent nothing as the candidate of the social democratic party. His testimony will doubtless conflict merely that the social democratic party condemns the use of money in political campaigns. The hearings will be public and a hearing will be selected sufficiently large to accommodate all spectators who may wish to be present. The meeting this afternoon will take care of the selections of clerks, sergeants-at-arms, pages and other employees of the investigating committee. Senator Lohr will doubtless file a motion for injunction against the state treasurer, when the supreme court meets tomorrow, suspending thereby to stop the investigation.

The general policy of the Stephen son people will be to expedite the investigation, and it is said that the anti-Stephenson or so-called La Follette investigators will have to maintain the burden of proof with reference to the charge of fraud and corruption.



THERE'S A REASON.

President Roosevelt will find that the white rhino will be very hard to find in Africa.—News Item.

ANNIVERSARY OF MAINE DISASTER

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Tragedy of Feb. 15, 1898, Commemorated by American Colony at Havana and at Washington.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Havana, Feb. 15.—The American colony today observed the eleventh anniversary of the destruction of the Maine. Flags and wreaths were placed on the masts of the sunken battleship, and the graves of the victims in the local cemetery were likewise decorated.

The recommendation of President Roosevelt that the Maine be raised has not met with full approval here, but because the Cubans are anxious to lose their most famous monument of their final struggle for independence, but because they wish to give proper burial to the bodies of the approximately 200 that are now in the hull of the battleship. At the same time, the wreck is a menace to navigation in the present form and occupies a part of the best anchorage in the harbor.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—The anniversary of the Maine disaster was observed today with morning services in St. Patrick's church and a pilgrimage in the afternoon to Arlington National cemetery, where the graves of the victims were decorated with flowers. The Maine Memorial association, of which Rear Admiral Slessee, retired, is president, is to hold its customary memorial services tonight in the First Presbyterian church. Representative Richmond P. Hobson and other speakers of note are to be present.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Washington, D. C., Feb. 15.—The anniversary of the Maine disaster was observed today with morning services in St. Patrick's church and a pilgrimage in the afternoon to Arlington National cemetery, where the graves of the victims were decorated with flowers. The Maine Memorial association, of which Rear Admiral Slessee, retired, is president, is to hold its customary memorial services tonight in the First Presbyterian church. Representative Richmond P. Hobson and other speakers of note are to be present.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of the Department of the Lakes. Among the officers summoned to appear before the board is Colonel William F. Tucker, whose difficulties with his wife, daughter of the late General John A. Logan, and his late general possibly form an interesting feature in the hearing if the testimony is made public.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.
Chicago, Feb. 15.—Pursuant to the recent order of Gen. Frederick D. Grant, an army retiring board convened today at the headquarters of

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

M. P. RICHARDSON
ATTORNEY AT LAW
Now phone Office, 381; residence
phone, 490.
OFFICE 321, HAYES BLOCK.
Janesville, Wis.

CORYDON G. DWIGHT, M. D.
207 Jackman Block
Practice limited to
EYE, EAR, NOSE and THROAT
GLASSES FITTED
Consultation from 9 to 12 and 2 to 5,
and by appointment.
New phone 880 red., Old phone 2702.

DR. EDITH V. BARTLETT
211-212 Jackman Block.

CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIALTY.

Office hours from 10 to 12 A. M.
to 5 P. M.; both phones in office.
Residence phone 2381.

HILTON & SADLER
"THE" ARCHITECTS
Deliver the Goods.
"NUF-SED."
Office on the bridge, Janesville.

Thos. S. Nolan H. W. Adams
C. W. Reeder.

NOLAN, ADAMS & REEDER
ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

311-313 Jackman Bldg., Janesville, Wis.
306-308 Goodwin Building, Beloit, Wis.

E. F. Dunwiddie Wm. G. Wheeler
DUNWIDDIE & WHEELER
Attorneys and Counselors,
Janesville, Wis.
12-158 W. Milwaukee St.

W. H. BLAIR
ARCHITECT

Room 3, Phoebe Block, Janesville.

H. E. LARSEN
EXPERT MACHINIST
Specialty of factory and mill ro-
pew work. 17 N. Bluff St.

DR. G. W. FIFIELD
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON
Has moved his office into his new
residence at 61-S. Jackson St., next
door to Baptist church. Telephones
changed to Rock County 451, Bell 4623.
Office hours, 2 to 4 P. M. and evenings.

TUBERCULOSIS

Claims hundreds of victims each
year. A large percentage of these
contracted the disease from
breathing impure air.

DON'T use lights that are con-
stantly sucking the life-giving
properties from the air in your
rooms.

Electric lights burning in their
closely sealed globes in no way
affect the air of a room. They
stand for the highest ideal of
clean, convenient, efficient lighting.

Janesville
Electric Co.
Office open evenings.

J. A. DENNING
CARPENTER SHOP.
56 S. Franklin.

All kinds of general job work. Now
is the time to get your odd jobs done.
Screen doors and windows made to
order and repaired. Prices lowest,
quality considered. Both phones.

GLOBE WORKS CO.
B. F. BLANCHARD,
Successor to R. J. Richardson,
DEALER IN
Monter Steel Wind Mills, Pumps,
Iron and Lead Pipe, Well Casing,
WELL DRILLING A SPECIALTY.
North Main St. Janesville, Wis.

SAVE YOUR OLD
Rags, Rubbers, Metals, etc., and
when you want to sell phone for
our special wagon.

ROTSTEIN BROS.

GEO. K. COLLING
Established 1866.
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER
Will hereafter confine himself to
ARCHITECTURE.

Plans and specifications furnished. Office
with Hager & Preller, Builders, No. 21 N.
River street.

RALPH H. BENNETT
PIANO TUNING.
024 Park Ave. Beloit, Wis.
Piano Player and Pipe Organ work
a specialty.
Leave orders at J. P. Baker's Drug
Store.

DEGREES IN THE
PALACE OF GOD

**SAID REV. MCINTYRE IN SERMON
YESTERDAY MORNING.**

WE RECEIVE OUR REWARD

Accordingly As We Perform Christian
Duties—Described Period of
the Tribulation.

In place of a regularly prepared
sermon, Rev. L. A. McIntyre gave an
informal talk yesterday morning ex-
plaining carefully the sixth chapter
of the book of revelations, in which
the apostle tells of the breaking of
the seven seals of the book of
life, by the lamb and discloses the
order of events at the time of the
"great judgment."

In introduction, Rev. McIntyre said:
"What the church needs today is a
better knowledge of God's word. We
need in this day and age to come back
to a careful study of the bible. The
average church member, while he
may read the bible and look over
perhaps a chapter a day, does not
study God's word very much. My
purpose is to teach into the deep things
of the bible and bring out the truth
God has for us to know. The world
is full of knowledge of certain kinds
but not of the things of God."

"In dealing with the visions of John
in the book of revelations, many min-
isters do not consider that these
things, which John tells us he saw,
are really to occur as they are put
down in the book, but rather say that
they are a summing up of all of the
truths which are told by the other
writers. I think that just as the other
prophets of the other great men of
God have come true, so also will
occur just as John says they will happen."

"Do not study those verses merely
for the purpose of finding out about
the judgment. If you study these
things out, with the aid of the Holy
Spirit, it will be one of the best
blessings that you will get out of life.
Do not study for an aid, the com-
mentaries of men, but take the teach-
ings you will find in the other books
of the bible and call on God to help
you to see his truths clearly."

"Nor do not in your study of the
book, consider that these teachings
are not absolutely true. God has pro-
nounced a curse on him who denies
anything in the bible. He has de-
clared that whoever says that His
teachings are not all true shall have
his name taken out of the book of
life."

"Revelations is the sweetest book
in the bible. A blessing is pro-
nounced on the man who reads it and
understands it."

"This breaking of the seals of the
book of life marks the beginning of
the period of tribulation, the time
when the Son of God pours out his
wrath on those who have not followed
Him. God is going to bring every
man to account for what he has done,
and the careless and indifferent ones
will have to suffer a part at least of
what the entirely bad are subjected to."

"Judgment will not be given in a
day's time. The judgment day period
will cover seven years of time; then
there will be a thousand years and
the devil will be let loose again to
destroy and kill by war, famine and
death, and then there will be a separa-
tion of the good and the bad, and
that those that make up the
pride of Jesus will be allowed to enter
into the joys He has prepared for
His chosen ones, the saints of earth."

"The breaking of the first seal, and
the riding forth of the angel on the
white horse signifies the coming of
Jesus to earth, conquering and to
conquer. It will be a time of great
tribulation and repentance. There
will be a great revival and many will
turn to God at this time."

"The riding forth of the red horse,
after the breaking of the second seal,
signifies the arousing of the animosity
of the devil following the turning of
so many to God. Wars will be fought
and thousands will be killed."

"I believe there are degrees in
heaven and those that are saved by
tribulation will be saved as by fire."

"The wars will be followed by
famine, as signified by the riding
forth of the rider on the black horse,
in that time, all that a man can earn
in a day will be necessary to provide
food for himself. Men will have to
resort to the food of animals to
eceive enough to eat to live."

"Next, death and the devil will go
forth and destroy one-fourth of the
population of the earth with the
sword, famine, death and by the
pests of the earth."

"The breaking of the fifth seal
showed to John, the souls of the martyrs
lying under the altar. And those
cried out, 'How long, O Lord, how long,
dost thou not judge and avenge our blood on
them that dwell on the earth?'" And white robes were
given to them and they were told
that they should rest until all of those
that should be killed as they were
had been put to death. There were
still people on the earth whose blood
should be spilled for Jesus' sake. At
the breaking of the sixth seal, as
John tells us, there will be a great
earthquake, the sun will become
blackened and the moon shine red as
blood. The stars will fall and the
heavens shall depart, and every island
and mountain shall be moved. The
rich and the mighty may laugh at us
now for calling on God, but when the
great earthquake comes, they will
shake with fear and seek to hide
themselves from the wrath of God.

vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of
murder. Three motions were argued
before Judge Grimes on Saturday.
They were all concerned with the case
of Mrs. Mary N. Behrendt vs. T. P.
Burns, et al, and included an appeal
from the taxation of costs by the
court which would ordinarily begin
on that date will not be opened until
the following morning. The calendar
will be called on Tuesday, Feb. 23,
and fourteen naturalization petitions
will be heard. About fifty cases are
set for trial and a half of them are
cases of fact for the jury and the
balance are for the court. The jury
will not report for duty until the
following Monday, March 1. It is ex-
pected that the first jury action tried
will be the criminal case of the State
vs. Elmer Ellsworth, which was taken
to the circuit court on a charge of

NATION'S DUTY FOR CHILDREN

(Continued from Page 1.)

The interests of the nation are involved in the welfare of this army of children no less than in our great material affairs.

The keynote of the conference was expressed in these words:

"Home life is the highest and finest product of civilization. Children should not be deprived of it except for urgent and compelling reasons."

Surely poverty alone should not disrupt the home. Parents of good character suffering from temporary misfortune, and above all, deserving mothers fairly well able to work, but deprived of the support of the normal breadwinner, should be given such aid as may be necessary to enable them to maintain suitable homes for the rearing of their children. The widowed or deserted mother, if a good woman, willing to work and to do her best, should ordinarily be helped in such fashion as will enable her to bring up her children herself in their natural home.

Conclusions of Conference.

I transmit herewith for your information a copy of the conclusions reached by the conference, of which the following is a brief summary:

1. Home Care.—Children of worthy parents or deserving mothers should, as a rule, be kept with their parents at home.

2. Preventive Work.—The effort should be made to eradicate causes of dependency, such as disease and accident, and to substitute compensation and insurance for relief.

3. Home Finding.—Homeless and neglected children, if normal, should be cared for in families, when practicable.

4. Cottage System.—Institutions should be on the cottage plan with small units, as far as possible.

5. Incorporation.—Agencies caring for dependent children should be incorporated, on approval of a suitable state board.

6. State Inspection.—The state should inspect the work of all agencies which care for dependent children.

7. Inspection of Educational Work.—Educational work of institutions and agencies caring for dependent children should be supervised by state educational authorities.

8. Facts and Records.—Complete histories of dependent children and their parents, based upon personal investigation and supervision, should be recorded for guidance of child-caring agencies.

9. Physical Care.—Every needy child should receive the best medical and surgical attention, and be instructed in health and hygiene.

10. Co-Operation.—Local child-caring agencies should co-operate and establish joint bureaus of information.

11. Undesirable Legislation.—Prohibitive legislation against transfer of dependent children between states should be repealed.

12. Permanent Organization.—A permanent organization for work along the lines of these resolutions is desirable.

1. Federal Children's Bureau.—Establishment of federal children's bureau is desirable, and enactment of pending bill is earnestly recommended.

While it is recognized that these conclusions can be given their fullest effect only by the action of the several states or communities concerned, or of their charitable agencies, the conference requested me, in section 14 of the conclusions, to send to you a message recommending federal action.

Legislation Urged.

There are pending in both houses of congress bills for the establishment of a children's bureau, L. S. Senate bill No. 393, and house bill No. 24,148. These provide for a children's bureau in the department of the interior which shall investigate and report upon all matters pertaining to the welfare of children.

MILLIONS OF LIVES LOST

The Awful Toll Collected by Consumption.

If people could only understand that Cather is an internal scrofula—that nothing applied externally does much good—they would not need to be warned so often about this fatal disease, which, when neglected, invariably ends up in Consumption, at the cost of millions of lives every year.

Yet Cather is easily cured if the right treatment is employed.

Cather is caused by germs in the blood which circulate throughout the entire system. External remedies give but temporary ease. Although the effects are often seen in the form of pimples, rash, eczema or dry scaly skin, the trouble is internal, and can never be cured by external remedies.

The only way to cure Cather is by employing a medicine which is absorbed and carried by the blood to all parts of the system, so that the mucous membrane or internal lining of the body is thoroughly medicated, soothed, disinfected of germs, and the sores are healed.

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made Cather a specialty and whose record of success was a cure in every case where his treatment was followed, as prescribed. That remedy is Rexall Muco-Tonic. We are so positive that it will cure Cather in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails to cure or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We want you to try Rexall Muco-Tonic on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Rexall Muco-Tonic on our guarantee. We have Rexall Muco-Tonic in two sizes. The prices are 50c and \$1. Very often the 50c size effects a cure. Of course in chronic cases a long treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. The Smith Drug Co.

fare of children and child life, and shall especially investigate the questions of infant mortality, the birth rate, physical degeneracy, orphanage, juvenile delinquency and juvenile courts, desertion and illegitimacy, dangerous occupations, accidents and dangers of children of the working classes, employment, legislation affecting children in the several states and territories, and such other facts as have a bearing upon the health, efficiency, character and training of children."

One of the needs felt most acutely by the conference was that of accurate information concerning those questions relating to childhood. The national government not only has the unquestioned right of research in such vital matters, but is the only agency which can effectively conduct such general inquiries as are needed for the benefit of all our citizens. In accordance with the unanimous request of the conference, I therefore most heartily urge your favorable action on these measures.

It is not only discreditable to us as a people that there is now no recognized and authoritative source of information upon these subjects relating to child-life, but in the absence of such information as should be supplied by the federal government many abuses have gone unchecked; for public sentiment, with its great corrective power, can only be aroused by full knowledge of the facts. In addition to such information as the census bureau and other existing agencies of the federal government already provide, there remains much to be ascertained through lines of research not now authorized by law; and there should be correlation and dissemination of the knowledge obtained without any duplication of effort or interference with what is already being done. There are few things more vital to the welfare of the nation than accurate and dependable knowledge of the best methods of dealing with children, especially with those who are in any way or another handicapped by misfortune; and in the absence of such knowledge each community is left to work out its own problem without being able to learn of and profit by the success or failure of other communities along the same lines of endeavor. The bills for the establishment of the children's bureau are advocated not only by this conference, but by a large number of national organizations that are disinterestedly working for the welfare of children, and also by philanthropic, educational, and religious bodies in all parts of the country.

I further urge that such legislation be enacted as may be necessary in order to bring the laws and practices in regard to the care of dependent children in all federal territory into harmony with the other conclusions reached by the conference.

Safeguarding Children.

1. That the approval of the board of charitables be required for the incorporation of all child-caring agencies, as well as amendments of the charter of any benevolent corporation which includes child-caring work, and that other than duly incorporated agencies be forbidden to engage in the care of needy children.

2. That the board of charities, through its duly authorized agents, shall inspect the work of all agencies which care for dependent children, whether by institutional or by home-finding methods, and whether supported by public or private funds.

The state has always jealously guarded the interests of children whose parents have been able to leave them property by requiring the appointment of a guardian, under bond, accountable directly to the courts, even though there be a competent surviving parent. Surely the interests of the child who is not only an orphan but penniless ought to be no less sacred than those of the more fortunate orphan who inherits property. If the protection of the government is necessary in the one case it is even more necessary in the other. If we are to require that only incorporated institutions shall be allowed to engage in this responsible work, it is necessary to provide for public inspection, lest the state should become the unconscious partner of those who either from ignorance or inefficiency are unqualified to deal with the problem.

I deem such legislation as is herein recommended not only important for the welfare of the children immediately concerned, but important as setting an example of a high standard of child protection by the national government to the several states of the union, which should be able to look to the nation for leadership in such matters.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

The White House, February 15, 1909.

With the message, the president sent to congress the full text of the proceedings of the conference. The recommendations of importance made are dealt with in the communication of the president. A point the conference was especially anxious to emphasize was that "the sending of children of any age or class to almshouses is an unqualified evil, and should be forbidden everywhere by law, with suitable penalty for its violation."

We have a remedy prepared from the prescription of a physician who for thirty years studied and made Cather a specialty and whose record of success was a cure in every case where his treatment was followed, as prescribed. That remedy is Rexall Muco-Tonic. We are so positive that it will cure Cather in all its various forms, whether acute or chronic, that we promise to return every penny paid us for the medicine in every case where it fails to cure or for any reason does not satisfy the user.

We want you to try Rexall Muco-Tonic on our recommendation and guarantee. We are right here where you live, and you do not contract any obligation or risk when you try Rexall Muco-Tonic on our guarantee. We have Rexall Muco-Tonic in two sizes. The prices are 50c and \$1. Very often the 50c size effects a cure. Of course in chronic cases a long treatment is necessary. The average in such instances is three \$1.00 bottles. The Smith Drug Co.

EXTRA ENGINES ON PASSENGER TRAINS

Passenger Trains on North-Western Road Had Two Engines to Take Them Through to Their Destination.

When winter's stormy blasts begin to blow and the flakes of snow start to fly, the railroads prepare for a blocking of traffic and put extra engines on all important trains and see that their snow plows are in working order. Also, if a big storm is predicted, orders are sent out unalling all trains of freight except those which carry perishable freight. That is, all goods except provisions, eggs and property which a wait of a day or so will spoil, are held over until a clear track to the destination is assured and the storm has passed. While the storm Saturday night and yesterday was not enough to block traffic or hinder trains to any extent, all of the night passenger trains through here last night on the North-Western road had an extra engine to help get the trains through in time. The reason for this mostly is that the winds blowing so strongly somewhat retard the progress of the trains, and an extra pressure of steam must be kept up to keep the cars in the train warm. The services, short and simple, were conducted by Rev. J. H. Tippett, who preached a funeral sermon, lauding highly the virtues of the young man. Sprays of white and red roses and white, red and pink carnations and other beautiful floral decorations, including a broken floral, sent by the Firemen's Relief association were heaped on the bier of the deceased. Besides the tributes sent by his many friends, his associates at the Spring Brook station and the Rock River Cotton company expressed their appreciation of the late fireman by sending flowers. All of the firemen that were able to were in attendance at the funeral. A number of people from out of town were also present.

Arthur Ott, Phillip Marske, William Scott, Joseph Murray, Allen Pierce and Lawrence Cronin acted as pallbearers. The remains were laid to rest in Oak Hill cemetery.

OBITUARY.

Mrs. Lucius Kennedy
From the home six miles north of the city funeral services for Mrs. Lucius Kennedy were conducted yesterday afternoon by Rev. J. W. Laughlin. After a singular fine sermon by Mr. Laughlin extolling the virtues of the deceased, the remains were taken to Oak Hill for interment. Miss Bruce and Mr. E. E. Van Pool sang for the services. Floral offerings from the friends of the deceased were in abundance. The pallbearers were: A. M. Huie, H. L. Maxfield, A. L. Maxfield, L. E. Whitney, L. M. Hyzer and Thomas Kennedy.

William Hughes

The remains of the late William Hughes arrived in Milton Junction from Minnesota Sunday morning at eight o'clock. This morning the funeral services were held from the Church of the Immaculate Conception in Milton Junction, Rev. McCarthy officiating. The remains were shipped to Janesville and interment was made in Mt. Olivet cemetery.

Herman Klein.

At two o'clock this afternoon from the home of Henry Klein on West Milwaukee street, friends and relatives of Herman Klein gathered to pay their last respects to his memory.

The services, short and simple, were conducted by Rev. J. H. Tippett, who preached a funeral sermon, lauding highly the virtues of the young man.

Sprays of white and red roses and white, red and pink carnations and other beautiful floral decorations, including a broken floral, sent by the Firemen's Relief association were heaped on the bier of the deceased.

Besides the tributes sent by his many friends, his associates at the Spring Brook station and the Rock

IS' ANOTHER "ELISIT' CENN.

St. Louis Detective Finds "Man" Prisoner is a Girl.

St. Louis, Mo., Feb. 15.—Miss Little Winters, who was arrested in man's clothing on suspicion of being a bandit, and whose sex was discovered yesterday by detectives while she was in the central station, is now in the police matron's room, where she donned woman's clothing for the first time, she says, since she was a child.

She came to St. Louis in 1902 and worked as a man here ever since. She first worked for the American Rattan works for \$3 a week; next ran a rope machine for the St. Louis Cordage Company; for a year hauled iron for the Union Iron foundry, then hauled for J. C. Donohue, railroad grading contractor, at St. Genevieve, Mo., for \$25 a month; next she was a rivet heater for the Missouri Sheet Iron works here; handled iron and teamed for St. Louis architectural iron works for \$12.50 a week, and last repaired boxes for hardware store. She has been keeping company with a young girl for several months.

Dyspepsia OFTEN RESULTS IN Appendicitis Kodol

BUT PREVENTS DYSPEPSIA

A great many persons do not know that such illnesses as appendicitis, cancer of the stomach, etc., result from chronic dyspepsia—which, in time is almost sure to follow close upon neglected indigestion. But there is little need of considering these facts, when Kodol will give such quick relief from the digestive disorder—and prevent all the serious consequences. Just as quickly and easily as Kodol is taken into the stomach, it at once commences the perfect and natural digestion of all the food in the stomach.

Our Guarantee. *Get Kodol. If you are not satisfied—the druggist will return your money. Don't hesitate; any druggist will sell you Kodol on these terms. The dollar bottle contains 32 times more Kodol than any other bottle.*

SOLD BY J. P. DAKER AND OTHER DRUGGISTS.

A Remarkable Eczema Cure

NO MORE HOPELESS CASES OF THIS DREADED DISEASE.

STATE OF WINONA, IN Circuit Court for Rock County, JAMES BENNETT, Plaintiff, v. CHAS. BENNETT, Defendant.

THE STATE OF WISCONSIN TO THE STATE DEFENDANT:

You are hereby summoned to appear within twenty (20) days after service of this summons and to defend the above entitled action in the Court aforesaid; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the sum and nature of the claim and costs, and will be filed with the clerk of the court. This action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court for Rock County, Wisconsin, February 10, 1909.

NOTES, ADVICE & INSTRUCTIONS.

P. O. Address: 241½ Goodrich Building, Beloit, Rock County, Wisconsin.



Exterior and Interior View of Tomlinson hall where the tariff convention will be held. J. W. Van Cleave, president of the National Association of Manufacturers, who is slated for president of the tariff commission and D. M. Parry of the Indianapolis Manufacturers' Association, who is slated for secretary.

Indianapolis, Ind.—When the nation's tariff commission convenes in Indianapolis on February 16, 17 and 18 one of the most important national movements in the interest of tariff revision will have been inaugurated. The convention will be attended by prominent men from over the entire country, men who are themselves manufacturers and consumers, and who are practically and personally interested in the tariff revision.

The convention has called from President Roosevelt an expression in favor of tariff commission and has drawn out a note in favor of the commission from President-elect Taft, who will have to deal with it as a practical proposition in the extra session of congress which he will call in March. The reasons for a commission have been so obvious and so imperative that industrial and commercial organizations in all the principal cities have urged it. Free traders, as well as ultra protectionists, see the necessity of getting at the basic facts regarding the effects of particular duties upon the various industries. This knowledge is needed for revenue as well as for protection purposes.

This tariff commission is no new movement, but it has just received an impetus which it never before attained. President Arthur urged the commission, which congress enacted years ago.

Among the prominent men who have been elected as delegates to this convention are the following: J. W. Van Cleave, president National Association of Manufacturers; Henry R. Towne, president Merchants' Association of New York; D. A. Tomlinson, American Cotton Manufacturers' Association; Alvin H. Sanders, secretary; John Kirby, Jr., Dayton chamber of commerce; D. M. Parry, Indianapolis Manufacturers' Association; Joseph D. Oliver, Manufacturers' bureau of Indiana; John M. Stahl, president Farmers' National congress; G. A. Wrightson, Iowa Manufacturer's association; C. D. Firestone, Firestone Tire & Rubber Company; Charles E. Eschenbach, Miller's National federation; George H. Elwell, president National Association of Case Goods manufacturers; E. B. Payson, president National Piano Manufacturers' association; C. L. Sowarts, Western Association of Shoe Dealers; H. J. Parrish, president Interstate Cotton Seed Crushers; D. C. Ripley, American Association of Cottonseed Oil Manufacturers.

Thoughtful Walter.

Walter—"Be careful of the soup, gentlemen. It is so hot that it has scalded both my thumbs."—Meggedorff Blatter.

CAN HARDLY GET ALONG WITHOUT IT

Mrs. O'Brien called at the office Saturday to renew her subscription.

She said that Mr. O'Brien can hardly wait until the Mail Man comes along each morning. He is just lost without The Gazette.

And there are thousands of others who feel the same way.

If you would enjoy real pleasure in your own home read The Gazette each day regularly. It gives you the news of the world, the news of the state, the news of the county, the news of your neighbors, of your village and of your city.

It is history of the whole world right up to the minute. It is an education in a sense, and keeps you informed. It gives the news of all our merchants.

This will surely give you enough pleasure to justify the small expense of taking it.

If you will read the advertisements regularly and keep informed as to what the merchants are receiving new each week, and the bargains they offer, you will profit enough in one month to pay for The Gazette for a whole year.

Many of our subscribers tell us that they pay for the paper over and over again by reading the ads and profiting by the special offers.

THE WANT ADS are wonder workers that you should know.

THE WANT ADS are the real estate market.</p

The Janesville Gazette

ENTERED AT THE POSTOFFICE AT JANESEVILLE, WIS., AS SECOND CLASS MAIL MATTER.
MEMBER OF ASSOCIATED PRESS.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.
Daily Edition—By Carrier. \$1.00
One Month \$1.00
One Year \$12.00
Six Months, cash in advance. \$6.00
Daily Edition—By Mail. \$1.00
One Year \$12.00
One Year, Postage included. \$12.00
One Year, Postage and Delivery in Rock Co. \$1.00
Six Months, Postage and Delivery in Rock Co. \$1.00
VANITY EDITION—One year. \$12.00
Long Distance Telephone. 77-2
Editorial Office 77-2
Job Room 77-4

BUSINESS OFFICE OPEN SATURDAY EVENING.

WISCONSIN WEATHER FORECAST

Partly cloudy tonight and Tuesday, rising temperature in western portion Tuesday.

GAZETTE JANUARY CIRCULATION

Sworn circulation statement of the Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1909.

DAILY.

Days.	Copies, Days.	Copies, Sunday.
1.	4774	4774
2.	4778	4778
3.	4780	4780
4.	4784	4784
5.	4784	4805
6.	4785	4808
7.	4785	4837
8.	4781	4870
9.	4780	4801
10.	4774	4805
11.	4778	4795
12.	4778	4803
13.	4778	4806
14.	4781	4806
15.	4781	4806
16.	4781	4806
Total	120101	120101
120101 divided by 25, total number of issues.	4808	DAILY average.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

Days.	Copies, Days.	Copies, Sunday.
1.	1848	1833
2.	1832	1833
3.	1832	1825
4.	1832	1825
5.	1832	1825
6.	1832	1825
7.	1832	1825
Total	10,492	10,492
10,492 divided by 6, total number of issues.	1832	Semi-Weekly average.

This is a correct report of the circulation of the Janesville Daily and Semi-Weekly Gazette for January, 1909, and represents the actual number of papers printed and circulated.

II. H. BLISS.

Business Mgr.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 1st day of February, 1909.

GRACE P. MILLER,

(Seal) Notary Public.

My commission expires July 14, 1909.

CIVIC ELECTIONS

Elections for officers for a city the size of Janesville should be most carefully attended to. Could partisan politics be eliminated it would be a good thing for the city. As they can not at this time then select the best men possible for the offices to be filled.

The office of Mayor is important. It is not for a small body of citizens to get together and endorse a candidate with an idea of assuring his election. That is not all that he to be done. His fitness for the place he seeks must be demonstrated and the voters assured of a good and stable form of government.

Elections depend upon the will of the people. The idea that a few men dictate to the citizens is absurd.

In this day and age of free thought and free vote, it is to the voters that the candidates must appeal. They must show their skirts clean of any entanglements of reformers or of the liberal element who want a wide-open town.

It is to be hoped that at the coming primaries that good honest and fearless men will be selected. Men of sterling worth and caliber whose sole claim to the office they desire is not for the furthering of personal ends and who are servants of the public. He seek to serve the public, not individuals who may have an axe to grind.

In the selection of aldermen the same care should be taken. Good true men should be named who will honor the office and whose judgment on matters of municipal importance will not be biased by personal feelings or individual desires. Too much care can not be taken in this regard.

THE STEPHENSON AFFAIR

Senator Isaac Stephenson is to go to Madison to attend the sessions of the investigating committee that plan to probe into the expenditure of money at the primary election. The Stephenson affair has become one of national importance. The repudiation of the candidate of the people at the first real test of the primary election law is being watched with interest the nation over.

Senator Stephenson and his followers can not be accused of whining when they expose the rottenness of the machine they have so long financed, but their stories are a surprise to many who believed the reform preached by La Follette was the Simon Pure article, and not a gilded sham.

Stephenson's repudiation by the La Follette hosts in the legislature will have its lasting, result on the future politics of the state. The influence it would be seen at coming elections and in future legislatures. It is an epoch-making, phasing the part of a scheming politician and his crew of political tricksters.

It did not start out to be such. It was harmless enough in the beginning. The opposition was not organized, but soon the different elements were united and the result is to be seen in the daily ballots for United States Senator taken in joint session and ruled over by the "official mouthpiece of La Folletteism"—Lt. Governor Strange.

No one can say "I told you so," for no one expected such open ingratitude on the part of La Follette. Opposition was talked of by the defeated candidates after the primary—one of them went so far as to write personal letters to members of the legislature.

Heart to Heart Talks.

By EDWIN A. NYE.
Copyright, 1909, by American Press Association.

Useful Home Remedy.
"A Turkish bath is such an excellent thing," remarked Miss Turtur, "that we have often wished these Turks who sold candles at expositions would take one occasionally."

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY

LOWER—Lulu's gold watch, Saturday night, between River and Louis streets, engraved "Sister" on back of back. Finger left in Recorder office, Howard.

FOR BEST—5 room house, newly finished, inside and outside, \$10 per month. 1222 W. Main Street.

INDIAN DIVORCES.

The Indians of South Dakota have cheerfully accepted some of the conveniences of our civilization.

Among these are the white man's divorce laws, which the Indians cherish.

It built upon the plea of fighting the old party machine that ruled the state.

A correspondent tells of a Sioux buck who walked into a lawyer's office at Chamberlain demanding a divorce. He was a huge sonobro, greasy and dirty, with pair of overalls flapping about the ankles and a blue checkered cotton jumper soiled by weeks of wear.

The Sioux, unable to speak English, made known his desires through an interpreter. He said his squaw had six husbands previously to marrying him.

The lawyer filed an application for divorce on the plea of "incompatibility."

Eagle Boy hoped the lawyer would hurry, as he had already selected a new wife—the squaw of another Indian who had applied for a divorce.

When he got tired of the new wife, he volunteered the information, he would get another in the same manner.

The smiles of Eagle Boy plainly indicated that he thought the whole procedure a lot of good fun.

Formerly when an Indian grew tired of his squaw he sold her to sooth one else for a pony or a blanket or a bag of flour. Now he is civilized. He consults a divorced lawyer—and sells her just the same.

The marriage custom is also changed. The buck selects his wife according to tribal precedent, but immediately starts with her for the nearest justice of the peace or missionary and gets the sanction of the law. Marriage or divorce, it is all the same to the discriminating aborigine.

Lo, the poor Indian, is up to date.

The tribes, it is said, point with pride to young braves who have had four or five wives and been freed from them by law.

And why not?

The smart set of the east and the Dakota divorce statutes convenient to them and travel long distances to avail themselves. The Dakota Indian is fortunate in having the courts close at hand. And—

Is not "incompatibility" as trying in a tepee as in a brownstone front on Fifth avenue?

If the white man makes a mockery of marriage, what can we expect from a half tame savage?

Buy it in Janesville.

Make your Hens Lay More Eggs

Give them that food necessary to make eggs—which they lack. Hens cannot lay eggs unless they have EGG MAKING FOODS.

The following are a few suggestions of what to give:

Green Cut Bone.

Charcoal.

Crushed Shell.

Crit.

Beef Scrap.

Alfalfa Meal.

Poultry Mash.

Pratt's Poultry Regulator.

Our Mixed Scratch Feed.

HELM'S SEED STORE

29 S. MAIN ST.

NEW PILLOW TOPS

TO SELL AT 10c

Made of good, washable, unbleached cambric; sizes 21 1/2 x 21 1/2 inches, stamped in fast colors that will not fade; 12 different designs of panes, carnations, violets, daisies, etc.

BOLDING WASH SILK for embroidery, special for this week only to introduce it. 3 skeins 10c. This is a new process silk, guaranteed fast color, made in every shade, is positively a good quality.

We carry a line of notions unexcelled at the price.

NICHOLS' STORE

32 S. MAIN ST.

THIS IS CANDY WEATHER

And we have the candy for you, FRESH TODAY, delicious and of the highest quality only.

Peanut Candy, Taffies in chocolate, vanilla, strawberry and molasses flavors.

Peanut Brittle, the kind that everybody likes.

Hobson Kisses, a delicious creamy, chewing-kiss, as delectable a morsel as it is possible for the confectioner to make.

Salted Almonds, roasted in creamery butter, fresh today.

J. E. HOUSE

THE CONFECTIONER, ON THE BRIDGE

When you think of FLOWERS, think of HOUSE.

DO YOUR EYES FEEL WEAK-SORE OR TIRED

If so, call and have your eyes examined by a competent ophthalmologist with the Ophthalmoscope, without the use of drugs to dilate the pupil. The Fogging method is employed.

Having made a special study of the Nervous and Muscular system of the Eye and with a thorough training in the use of the Ophthalmoscope, I am prepared to do justice in the most complicated cases, unless the eye be diseased—they an oculist will be recommended.

Kites for Locusts.

The Molino (Cape Colony) farmers have hit upon a novel plan for dealing with locusts. A farmer has imported some eagle kites for the purpose of scaring locusts from the crops.

Joseph H. Scholler, Ref. D.

Office with

OLIN & OLSON The Up-to-Date Jewelers

DON'T FORGET

WHERE TO GET

WATCH

AND

JEWELRY

REPAIRING DONE

WATCH CLEANING \$1.00

WATCH MAIN SPRING \$1.00

WARRANTED ONE YEAR

AT

PYPER'S

MYERS THEATRE

PETER L. MYERS, MANAGER.

1870—30TH YEAR—1000.

The Leading Theatre of Southern Wisconsin.

New Phone, 600. Wisconsin Phone, 5602.

Thursday, February 18th

BEST SONGS In any show you ever saw
GIRLS are in the GIRLY MUSIC
FUN PLAY, sister to "The Time,
PLOT The Place and The Girl."

ALSO PAUL NICHOLSON

Management Askin-Singer Co. (Inc.)

—339 Consecutive Times In Chicago—

PRICES—Orchestra, \$1.50; Orchestra Circle, \$1.00;

Balcony, 4 rows \$1.00, 3 rows 75c, Balance 50c. Gal-

lery 25c. Free list suspended. Carriages at 11 o'clock.

Seats now on sale.

J.M. BOSTWICK & SONS.

GREAT WEDNESDAY SPECIAL

3,000 Yards of the Best 6c and 7c Calicoes at

4 1-2c Per Yard

These calicoes are not the thin, light quality made especially for sale purposes, but include all of our best 6c and 7c prints as follows:

Figured indigo blues, cadet blues, pinks, turkey red and white, American grays, American Sheppard checks, American black and white, American light shirting styles and a large variety of fancy styles generally.

One day only. Buy all you want of them. You will probably not have such an opportunity again for some time.

3,000 yards, 6c and 7c prints, special for Wednesday, at 4 1-2c.

FASHION NEWS

THE TEST OF TIME

A man is best advertised by the recommendation of his friends. I seldom get a new patient but what I find that they come to me upon the urgent recommendation of some former patient who speaks highly of the work I did for them. Five, six or eight years—it's all the same.

The work is there yet and doing good service.

It will be the same with you if you choose me for your next dental work.

DR. F. T. RICHARDS
GRADUATE DENTIST.
Office over Hall & Sayles' Jewelry store
Janeville, Wis.



CLEANERS AND DYERS.
All kinds of clothing dry cleaned and pressed. We put an entirely new appearance on suits, giving each garment a freshness that suggests the original appearance when brand new. We are prompt and careful with our work and guarantee to all patrons perfect satisfaction as well as contentment with the low prices charged.

C. F. BROCKHAUS
OPPOSITE MYERS' HOUSE.

ESTABLISHED 1855

—THE—

First National Bank

DIRECTORS
L. B. Carle Thos. O. Howe,
S. C. Cobb A. P. Lovejoy,
G. H. Rumrill V. P. Richardson
J. G. Rexford.

Do you want a safe investment for your money?

The Savings Department of a strong bank offers many advantages.

Any amount from \$1 up will be received and can be added to at any time. Such sums as remain six months draw three per cent interest and interest is compounded in January and July.

To parties having money to deposit for a few months we offer certificates drawing interest and payable on demand.

Our own capital and business experience are here to protect our depositors.

RINK NIGHTS

Monday
Wednesday
Friday
Saturday
and every afternoon

HANLEY BROS.

Received Today

the second car of **QUAIL BRAND ORANGES**. These oranges are the Sun Kissed Navel noted for their high color and excellence of flavor.

The Sun Kissed Quail brand of oranges are the choicest fruit from the choicest groves of California, cultivated with the greatest care.

They are asserted and packed with the object of giving the public the finest fruit obtainable and rushed through by the fastest freight to reach here in the best possible condition.

This car of oranges is the best received up to the present time. They are particularly sweet, not woody, of fine color. This is the midst of the orange season and you will find these exceptionally good.

FOR SALE AT ALL GROCERS.

We Wholesale Only.

IS LICENSE TO BE AN ISSUE IN THIS CAMPAIGN?

MEETING SCHEDULED FOR TO-NIGHT TO DISCUSS MATTER.

GENERAL POLITICAL TALK

John C. Nichols Has Not Withdrawn from Democratic Race for Mayorship.

Is the license question to be a part of the municipal election campaign this spring?

This is the question heard on the streets today. It is known that invitations have been sent out to thirty business and professional men for a session this evening in the office of A. E. Matheson, at which this question is to be brought up.

One gentleman who had received a card inviting him to the gathering said this morning: "I do not know all that is going to be discussed tonight, but the license question and whether we shall vote on license or no-license at the coming spring election I think will be one of the important matters talked over.

"I am not prepared to say what will be done, however. The meeting is called to discuss municipal affairs and the selection of the best men for office at the coming election.

"The idea of the gentlemen promoting the affair is to make it a distinct issue aside from any other movement that has been started before, it is not a revival of the municipal league or of the anti-saloon league."

When asked if the gathering would not endorse a candidate for Mayor the gentleman said that he thought they would agree to support Wilbur F. Carle and they might possibly also name other candidates for other offices whom they would agree to support.

The list contains thirty names and on it are members of both of the leading political parties in the city, making it a citizens' movement as far as possible.

In order to bring the question of a vote for license or no-license before the citizens a petition containing a certain per cent of names of registered voters must be filed with the city clerk, so that the question may be placed on the ballot.

There is but little doubt that if it is decided at tonight's meeting to bring this issue up sufficient names can be secured to have it made an issue in the campaign and a hotly contested fight is to be expected.

Another political matter, Mr. John C. Nichols, the democratic candidate for the nomination of Mayor, who was reported about to withdraw from the race owing to business matters, announced today that he had severed his connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company and was still in the race for the democratic nomination.

He said: "I am still a candidate for the nomination. I severed my connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company, by whom I have been employed for the past nine years, when the question of my candidacy was brought up and shall remain in the race.

"I leave their employment enter-taining the highest regards for the members of the company and the most pleasant relations still existing with the individual members of it."

The only new development in the alternative situation is the announcement that Samuel Grandy will fight for the democratic nomination in the Fourth Ward with Al. Knuth.

Nothing has been heard relative to Wilbur Carle's possible resignation as alderman in the first ward to make the run for Mayoralty nomination on the republican ticket. Should this come two aldermen will have to be nominated in this ward as in the third where Alderman Watt's resignation left a vacancy.

David Holmes is mentioned as a possibility in the third ward as a candidate for alderman for the long term.

BRIEF LOCAL NEWS.

Clerks' mask ball tonight. Solvay—burn it as you do hard coal. See the New York Visible Typewriter, now on exhibition at Holmstreet's Drug Store.

Buy your fur scarfs, muffs, and sets now and save just half, at our clearing sale, T. P. Burns.

Remember the concert at the M. E. church tonight.

Clerks' mask ball tonight.

Don't forget the Fraternal Aid Ass'n dance, Spanish War Vets, hall, Feb. 16.

The ladies of St. Agnes Guild, Trinity church, will serve a supper in East Side I. O. O. F. hall Saturday evening, Feb. 20, from 6 to 7. Supper 25c.

Clerks' mask ball tonight.

Be sure and attend our great clearing sale now on. Extra special bargains this week throughout the store, T. P. Burns.

The Fraternal Aid Association will give a dance at Spanish War Vets, hall Tuesday evening, Feb. 10. Every body welcome. Tickets 25c.

Clerks' mask ball tonight.

Don't forget to hear Ralph Jenkins, the fine tenor of Beloit, at M. E. church tonight.

The ladies of the Cargill: M. E. church will hold their general meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 in the church parlor. A large attendance is desired as very important business will be transacted.

WANTED—At this office, copies of the Daily Gazette of Jan. 28, 29 and 30th.

Clerks' ball, Assembly hall, tonight.

The Escondo club of the Presbyterian church invite the ladies of the congregation to a social on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Laughlin, given in honor of Mrs. Martin Hanson, who will soon leave for St. Louis where she will make her future home.

Clerks' ball, Assembly hall, tonight. Regular meeting of Rock Council No. 730, F. A. A., at S. W. V. hall Tuesday evening at 8 p. m. Every member please be present.

Western Star Lodge No. 14, F. & A. M., at its next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 16th, will be visited by Grand Master Durbin. Work in the M. M. degree. Refreshments will be served and visiting brethren are cordially invited.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Charles Reynolds came from Rockford to spend Sunday in Janeville.

Mrs. Frank Jackman entertained a company of eight ladies at a luncheon and bridge party on Saturday.

George Park, who now makes his headquarters in Chicago, was a visitor here over Sunday.

Elmer Butard, of Kenosha, spent Sunday in Janeville.

Mrs. Q. O. Sutherland is to entertain a company of ladies tomorrow afternoon.

Mrs. Elizabeth Tidwell is convalescing from a severe illness at the Mercy hospital and expects to return to her home in the near future.

Mrs. T. W. Goldin departed Saturday for her home in Kansas City. She was accompanied by her sister, Miss Flora Dunwiddie.

Mrs. W. P. Sayles entertained a company at bridge at her home on Court street Saturday evening.

Mrs. Mary Ludden has returned from a few days' visit at Spring Green.

Mrs. Pike of Minneapolis is the guest of Mrs. Lovell.

George Parker is entertaining a company at bridge at his home on Court street Saturday evening.

One gentleman who had received a card inviting him to the gathering said this morning: "I do not know all that is going to be discussed tonight, but the license question and whether we shall vote on license or no-license at the coming spring election I think will be one of the important matters talked over.

"I am not prepared to say what will be done, however. The meeting is called to discuss municipal affairs and the selection of the best men for office at the coming election.

"The idea of the gentlemen promoting the affair is to make it a distinct issue aside from any other movement that has been started before, it is not a revival of the municipal league or of the anti-saloon league."

When asked if the gathering would not endorse a candidate for Mayor the gentleman said that he thought they would agree to support Wilbur F. Carle and they might possibly also name other candidates for other offices whom they would agree to support.

The list contains thirty names and on it are members of both of the leading political parties in the city, making it a citizens' movement as far as possible.

In order to bring the question of a vote for license or no-license before the citizens a petition containing a certain per cent of names of registered voters must be filed with the city clerk, so that the question may be placed on the ballot.

There is but little doubt that if it is decided at tonight's meeting to bring this issue up sufficient names can be secured to have it made an issue in the campaign and a hotly contested fight is to be expected.

Another political matter, Mr. John C. Nichols, the democratic candidate for the nomination of Mayor, who was reported about to withdraw from the race owing to business matters, announced today that he had severed his connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company and was still in the race for the democratic nomination.

He said: "I am still a candidate for the nomination. I severed my connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company, by whom I have been employed for the past nine years, when the question of my candidacy was brought up and shall remain in the race.

"I leave their employment enter-taining the highest regards for the members of the company and the most pleasant relations still existing with the individual members of it."

The only new development in the alternative situation is the announcement that Samuel Grandy will fight for the democratic nomination in the Fourth Ward with Al. Knuth.

Nothing has been heard relative to Wilbur Carle's possible resignation as alderman in the first ward to make the run for Mayoralty nomination on the republican ticket. Should this come two aldermen will have to be nominated in this ward as in the third where Alderman Watt's resignation left a vacancy.

David Holmes is mentioned as a possibility in the third ward as a candidate for alderman for the long term.

Clerks' mask ball tonight.

Don't forget the Fraternal Aid Ass'n dance, Spanish War Vets, hall, Feb. 16.

The ladies of St. Agnes Guild, Trinity church, will serve a supper in East Side I. O. O. F. hall Saturday evening, Feb. 20, from 6 to 7. Supper 25c.

Clerks' mask ball tonight.

Be sure and attend our great clearing sale now on. Extra special bargains this week throughout the store, T. P. Burns.

The Fraternal Aid Association will give a dance at Spanish War Vets, hall Tuesday evening, Feb. 10. Every body welcome. Tickets 25c.

Clerks' ball, Assembly hall, tonight.

Don't forget to hear Ralph Jenkins, the fine tenor of Beloit, at M. E. church tonight.

The ladies of the Cargill: M. E. church will hold their general meeting tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 in the church parlor. A large attendance is desired as very important business will be transacted.

WANTED—At this office, copies of the Daily Gazette of Jan. 28, 29 and 30th.

Clerks' ball, Assembly hall, tonight.

The Escondo club of the Presbyterian church invite the ladies of the congregation to a social on Tuesday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Laughlin, given in honor of Mrs. Martin Hanson, who will soon leave for St. Louis where she will make her future home.

Clerks' ball, Assembly hall, tonight. Regular meeting of Rock Council No. 730, F. A. A., at S. W. V. hall Tuesday evening at 8 p. m. Every member please be present.

Western Star Lodge No. 14, F. & A. M., at its next regular meeting on Tuesday, February 16th, will be visited by Grand Master Durbin. Work in the M. M. degree. Refreshments will be served and visiting brethren are cordially invited.

John C. Nichols has not withdrawn from Democratic race for Mayorship.

Is the license question to be a part of the municipal election campaign this spring?

This is the question heard on the streets today. It is known that invitations have been sent out to thirty business and professional men for a session this evening in the office of A. E. Matheson, at which this question is to be brought up.

One gentleman who had received a card inviting him to the gathering said this morning: "I do not know all that is going to be discussed tonight, but the license question and whether we shall vote on license or no-license at the coming spring election I think will be one of the important matters talked over.

"I am not prepared to say what will be done, however. The meeting is called to discuss municipal affairs and the selection of the best men for office at the coming election.

"The idea of the gentlemen promoting the affair is to make it a distinct issue aside from any other movement that has been started before, it is not a revival of the municipal league or of the anti-saloon league."

When asked if the gathering would not endorse a candidate for Mayor the gentleman said that he thought they would agree to support Wilbur F. Carle and they might possibly also name other candidates for other offices whom they would agree to support.

The list contains thirty names and on it are members of both of the leading political parties in the city, making it a citizens' movement as far as possible.

In order to bring the question of a vote for license or no-license before the citizens a petition containing a certain per cent of names of registered voters must be filed with the city clerk, so that the question may be placed on the ballot.

There is but little doubt that if it is decided at tonight's meeting to bring this issue up sufficient names can be secured to have it made an issue in the campaign and a hotly contested fight is to be expected.

Another political matter, Mr. John C. Nichols, the democratic candidate for the nomination of Mayor, who was reported about to withdraw from the race owing to business matters, announced today that he had severed his connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company and was still in the race for the democratic nomination.

He said: "I am still a candidate for the nomination. I severed my connection with the Bassett & Echlin Company, by whom I have been employed for the past nine years, when the question of my candidacy was brought up and shall remain in the race.

"I leave their employment enter-taining the highest regards for the members of the company and the most pleasant relations still existing with the individual members of it."

The only new development in the alternative situation is the announcement that Samuel Grandy will fight for the democratic nomination in the Fourth Ward with Al. Knuth.

Nothing has been heard relative to Wilbur Carle's possible resignation as alderman in the first ward to make the run for Mayoralty nomination on the republican ticket. Should this come two aldermen will have to be nominated in this ward as in the third where Alderman Watt's resignation left a vacancy.

David Holmes is mentioned as a possibility in the third ward as a candidate for alderman for the long term.



A WARNING.

Jacks-Yea, I am going to propose to Miss Sweet at the skating rink tonight. She is my only opportunity.

Fred-Then be careful, old fellow, and don't let your opportunity slip.

THE GOOD OLD KID DAYS

They were ALRIGHT, ALRIGHT



He wrung Harry's hand. action he was faint, and a mist was before his eyes. The dho was cast. Hugh could easily escape. Until he himself spoke he would not even be hunted. He, Harry Sanderson, was the scapegoat, left to play his part. How long he sat there he did not know. He sprang up at a muffled sound. He had still a work to do before they came—for Hugh. He saw in an instant, however, that it was Jessen, leading her horse by the bridle. "I could not wait," she breathed. "You did not come, and I was afraid!" Mounting, he leaped from the saddle and took both her hands in his. Still he did not kiss her.

"Jessen, you believe I am innocent?" he asked anxiously.

"Yes—yes!"

"Will you believe what I am doing for the best?"

"Always, always!" she whispered, her voice vibrating. "Only go!" He released her hands and rode quickly up the grassy path.

As she stood looking after him a dog's whine came from the cabin. She ran and released the spaniel and took him up in her arms.

As she did so a sparkle caught her eye. It came from the tiny gold cross lying where Hugh had flung it near the lighted doorway. She picked it up, looked at it a moment abstractedly and thrust it into her pocket secretively, for her heart was keeping time to the silenced hoof beat that was bearing the man she loved from danger.

Where the way opened into the gloomy cut of Funeral Hollow, Harry dismounted and went forward slowly afoot, leading the horse, till figure stepped from a clump of bushes to meet him with an exclamation of relief. Hugh had waited at the rendezvous in shivering apprehension and dismal suspicion of Harry's intentions and had not approached till he had convinced himself that the other came alone. He wrung Harry's hand as he said:

"If I get out of this, I'll do better the rest of my life, I will, upon my soul, Harry!"

"You may not be able to get into the chapel," said Harry; "my rooms—no, not his—then, I shall not be afraid. I cannot share your thoughts nor your secret, and I must rest at that. You mustn't blame me—I wouldn't be a woman if I did not—but I love you more than all the world, and I shall believe that you know best, Hugh," she added softly, "do you know that—you haven't kissed me?"

Before her upturned, pleading eyes and trembling lips the iron of his purpose bent to the man in blue, and he took her into his arms.

A frosty gloom was over the city of Abilene, moon and stars hidden by a cloudy sky, from which a light snow, the first of the season, was falling down. The streets were silent. Only occasional belated pedestrians were to be seen in the chilly air. There saw a man, his face muffled from the snowflakes, pass hurriedly toward the fountain square, from whose steeples 2 o'clock was just striking. The wayfarer alighted the square, keeping in cover of the buildings as though avoiding chance observation, till he stood on the pavement of a Gothic chapel fronting the open space.

"Jessen!" he exclaimed.

She came toward him, her breath hurried, her pale face. Tom Feider's face was at her shoulder. "I have a little matter to attend to in the office," he said, nodding to Harry. "I shall

Satan & Sanderson

By HALLIE ERMINIE RIVES,
Author of "Hearts Courageous," Etc.

COPYRIGHT, 1900, THE BOBBS-MERRILL COMPANY

Hugh rose, trembling and ashen. "Hardly \$10," he answered.

Harry considered hastily. He was almost penniless. Nearly all his share of the strike had gone to repay the forged draft. "I have no ready cash," he said, "but the night we played in the chapel I left a thousand dollars in my study safe. I have not been there since." He took pencil and paper from his pocket and wrote down some figures hastily. "Here is the combination. You must try to get that money."

"Wait," he added, "no Hugh's hand was on the latch. He must risk nothing. He could make assurance doubly sure. "A half mile from the foot of the mountain, where the road comes in from Funeral Hollow, wait for me. I will bring a horse there for you."

Hugh crushed the paper into his pocket and opened the door. "I'll wait," he said. He darted out, slipped around the corner of the cabin and stealthily disappeared.

Harry sat down upon the doorstep. The strain had been great. In the room

wait for you there, Miss Holme."

She thanked him with a grateful look, and as he vanished, Harry took her hand and kissed it. He longed to take her in his arms.

"I heard of it only at noon," she began, her voice uncertain. "I was afraid they would not let me see you, so I went to Mr. Feider. They were saying on the street that he had offered to defend you."

"I had not been here an hour when he came," he said.

"I know you have no money," she went on. "I know what you did with the gold you found. And I have begged him to let me pay for any other cost he will name. I have not told him—what I am to you, but I have told him that I am far from poor and that nothing counts beside your life. He says you have forbidden him to do this—forbidden him to allow any help from any one. Hugh, Hugh! Why do you do this? The money should be yours, not mine, for it was your father's. It is yours, for I am your wife!"

Hugh crushed the paper into his pocket and opened the door. "I'll wait," he said. He darted out, slipped around the corner of the cabin and stealthily disappeared.

Harry sat down upon the doorstep. The strain had been great. In the room

to find its way back as best it might. He had slept through the next day. For two days after his arrival he had hung about outside the town in a fever of impatience, for though he had readily ascertained that the pretenses were unoccupied, the first night he had been frightened away by the two nations' scrutiny of his policeman, and on the next he had been unable to force the door. That morning he had secured a skeleton key, and now the weather was propitious for his purpose.

After a moment's reconnoitering he scaled the frost-fretted iron railing and gained the shelter of the porch. He tried the key again. To his relief, it fitted. Another minute and he stood in the study, the door locked behind him, his veins beating with excitement.

Crouching down before the safe, he took from his pocket the paper upon which was written the combination.

The match scorched his fingers, and he lit another and began to turn

IN JUSTICE TO THE COOK

Don't ask impossibilities.
Give the cook
every opportunity
to make good bread.
GOLD MEDAL FLOUR is
the best opportunity.

Give her—



WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

GOLD MEDAL FLOUR

Sharp Eyes.

Some persons seem to have opened

more eyes than others, they see with

much force and distinctness;

their vision penetrates the tangible and ob-

scenry where that of others falls like

a spent or impotent bullet. How many

eyes did Gilbert White open? How

many did Henry Thoreau? How many

eyes did Audubon? How many does the hun-

ter, matchless sight against the koch

and alert sense of a deer or a moose,

or fox, or a wolf? Not outward eyes,

but inward. We open another eye

when we see beyond the first general

feature or outline of things—when

ever we grasp the special details or

charakteristic markings that this

mask covers. Science confers now

powers of vision. Whenever you have

learned to discriminate the birds or

the plants, or the geological features of

a country, it is as if new and keener

eyes were added.—John Burroughs.

By the Court,

J. W. MALL, County Judge.

Whitehead & Mathison,
Attorneys for the Administrator.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular

term of the County Court to be held in

and for said County, at the Court

House, in the City of Janesville, in said

County, on the first Tuesday in April, 1900, at

10 o'clock a.m., the following matters will

be heard, considered and decided:

All claims against George Spoon, late of

the city of Janesville, in said county, de-

ceased.

All claims must be presented for allow-

ance to said Court, at the Court House, in

the City of Janesville, in said county, on

the fifth day of April, 1900.

Dated February 6th, 1900.

By the Court,

J. W. MALL, County Judge.

Notice to Creditors.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular

term of the County Court to be held in

and for said County, at the Court

House, in the City of Janesville, in said

County, on the first Tuesday in April, 1900,

at 10 o'clock a.m., the following matters will

be heard, considered and decided:

All claims against the estate of

Sylvester Morgan, late of the city of Janesville, in said county, deceased, and for the ap-

pointment of an administrator for the es-

tate of James H. Lauinger, late of the city of

Janesville, in said county, deceased.

Dated January 25th, 1900.

By the Court,

J. W. MALL, County Judge.

Notice of Hearing.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular

term of the County Court to be held in

and for said County, at the Court

House, in the City of Janesville, in said

County, on the third Tuesday in February, 1900,

at 10 o'clock a.m., the following matter will

be heard, considered and decided:

The application of Sylvester Lauinger for the ap-

pointment of an administrator for the es-

tate of James H. Lauinger, late of the city of

Janesville, in said county, deceased.

Dated January 25th, 1900.

By the Court,

J. W. MALL, County Judge.

Notice of Hearing.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

In Probate.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular

term of the County Court to be held in

and for said County, at the Court

House, in the City of Janesville, in said

County, on the third Tuesday in February, 1900,

at 10 o'clock a.m., the following matter will

be heard, considered and decided:

The application of Sylvester Lauinger for the ap-

pointment of an administrator for the es-

tate of James H. Lauinger, late of the city of

Janesville, in said county, deceased.

Dated January 25th, 1900.

By the Court,

J. W. MALL, County Judge.

Notice of Hearing.

STATE OF WISCONSIN,
County Court for Rock County.

SUPREME COURT'S DECISIONS ARE DUE

Many Important Cases Will Be Decided Tomorrow When the Court Convenes.

Madison, Feb. 15.—Interest relative to several of the important cases which the supreme court is to hand down tomorrow is shown by the inquiries that come in immediately following the opinions rendered from all parts of the state. The Wisconsin inheritance law is among those to be decided. The following is a brief résumé of some of the important cases that will be decided:

No. 4—State—Valentine Wolsenbach, appellee, vs. State of Wis., resp.—During the spring of 1894, while the state and federal authorities were making every effort to arrest John Dietz of Cameron, Dau on state and federal warrants, Wolsenbach, his nearest neighbor, became his confederate in defending Dietz' home. Early in May, several deputy sheriffs were sworn in and sent to arrest Dietz. They were driving down the roadway toward Dietz' home and after passing a hill, were halted by a cry from the brush, "Throw up your hands!" Several shots were fired at the car, one piercing the hat of one of the deputies. Afterward Wolsenbach was arrested and the deputies swore that he was with Dietz and fired the shots. Wolsenbach was convicted of attempted murder and sentenced to Waupun for twelve years. He now appeals on the ground that he was not with Dietz at the time of the shooting and also pleading erroneous instructions to the jury.

Nos. 7 and 20—State—Bell Miller and Stephen Brumley, appellants, vs. State of Wisconsin, respondent.—Following many threats from Stephen Brumley, Thomas McGowan was killed March 19, 1896, in Taylor county. After many delays he was brought to trial, affidavits showing that he was with Bell Miller at the time of the killing. The jury wanted to find the woman guilty of a lesser offense than murder in the first degree, but both were convicted and sentenced to Waupun for life. Both appealed.

No. 216—State ex rel. McMunn, resp., vs. board of trustees of the police pension fund, Milwaukee.—After eight years' service as a policeman in Milwaukee, William Sullivan died and his widow made an application to the board for a pension, on the ground that her husband's death was caused by pneumonia caught while on duty. By a vote of three to four she was granted a pension of \$27 a month.

William Mexianus, a beneficiary of the fund after twenty-two years' service, brought an action to restrain the board from paying the pension, on the ground that Sullivan did not die from injuries received while on duty, and that the police pension fund would be unnecessarily depleted. He was sustained by the circuit court and Mr. Sullivan appealed.

No. 104—Auton Grimm, appellee, vs. Mil. Elect. Ry. & Light Co., respondent.—While crossing the tracks of the company in his wagon, Grimm was struck by a car, sustaining injuries to himself and damages to the vehicle. The circuit court granted a nonsuit to the streetcar company on grounds of contributory negligence and Grimm appealed.

No. 105—State of Wis., appellee, vs. Henry A. Schmidt, resp.—This action brought by the board of medical examiners against Schmidt, on the ground that his license to practice was obtained through fraud, Schmidt won in the lower court and the state appealed, question arising over the interpretation of two statutes.

No. 107—Morris Isaacson, appellee, vs. Wis. Telephone Co., resp.—While working on a table fastened to a cable of the telephone company, suspended in midair, Isaacson was precipitated to the ground by the breaking of a rope. The circuit court for Milwaukee county granted the company a non-suit, on the ground that Isaacson had "noticed" early in the morning that one of the ropes looked old and dirty. The plan of contributory negligence was sustained and

No. 108—George P. Sodl, adm'r, resp., vs. Equitable Life, appellee.—This claim arises from the decision of the Milwaukee county circuit court by which the insurance company was ordered to pay the sum of \$14,910.82 to the heirs of George W. Goss of Milwaukee, who committed suicide on June 29, 1905. Goss held a policy called a "gold bond" for \$10,000 and it was shown that he had been in the habit of defaulting in his payments. Two days after the company's local enabler, F. E. Whitlock, had accepted premium payments from him one or two days after the "thirty days of grace" allowed under the policy had expired, but only upon satisfying himself that Goss' health was such as to warrant the continuation of the risk. Finally, after the customary thirty days of grace had expired on June 27, 1905, the premium was tendered to Whitlock at noon on June 29. This time he refused to accept payment because he knew of Goss' suicide on that day. Goss' policy contained a "waiver" clause, under which the company waived its right to cancel the policy upon default of payment of the premium after thirty days of grace, providing Goss paid interest at the rate of five per cent for the time the premium was overdue. This clause held good for thirty days after the final "day of grace." Under this clause the court awarded damages and costs to Goss' heirs and the company appealed.

No. 203-204-205—State ex rel. Clara S. Heyl, relator and appellant, vs. Edward Hinckel, city clerk, Milwaukee, et al., respondents. State ex rel. Wis. Trust Co., as trustee for Clara S. Heyl, relator and appellant, vs. Hinckel, State ex rel. Wis. Trust Co., as guardian for Johann Erie Phillip Heyl, rel., and appellee, vs. Hinckel. The relator's appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee on a certiorari to the city clerk of Milwaukee and the Board of Review of Milwaukee to bring up for review the proceedings of the board of review for 1907, by which the trust company as trustee for Clara S. Heyl was assessed \$300,000; as guardian of the child was assessed for \$300,000; and by which Mrs. Heyl was assessed for \$35,000, all the property taxed consisting of negotiable bonds, known as "first mortgage bonds" of the Pabst Brewing company, and secured by mortgages on the property of the company. Payment of taxes on these bonds was resisted as unjust principally because the property affected by

the mortgage bonds is located in several foreign states or is personal property upon which tax already had been paid. The circuit court upheld the assessment and appeal was taken by the relators.

No. 218—Frank and Anna Severa, plts. & resps., vs. National Slavonic society of the U. S. A. and Emelie Beranek, defs. and appellants.

Appeal from the decision of Judge Ludwig of Milwaukee, adjudicating Emelie Beranek the common-law wife of Frank Severa and as such entitled to \$648.50 damages and costs, including the benefits from the certificate in the Slavonic society held by Severa. Severa was divorced from his wife in Milwaukee on Feb. 3, 1906, and in the following August he married Emelie Beranek in Chicago, in order to evade the Wisconsin statute prohibiting the marriage of divorced persons within a year. From that time until Severa died in July, 1907, they lived together as man and wife. Judge Ludwig decided Emelie Beranek was entitled to the death benefit from the Slavonic society, on the ground that she was Severa's common-law wife. He added that inasmuch as she was Severa's common-law wife it would not be necessary to take up the validity of the Illinois marriage.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

COMPANY FORMED TO MANUFACTURE CIGARS

Fifteen of Business Men Have Organization to Develop Janesville into a Cigar Center.

At a meeting of fifteen of the business men of the city, held last week, a company known as the Janesville Cigar Company was organized to carry on the wholesale manufacture of cigars in the city. At this time officers were elected and W. E. Dougherty was chosen as the factory manager.

The purpose of the new company is to manufacture cigars in such quantities and to such an extent as to make Janesville a center for the cigar industry. A number of places suitable for the location of the factory, among them one door of the building owned by Capt. Norcross, where the White House store was formerly situated, have been considered.

It is planned to have a place clean, sanitary and modern in all conditions and equipment.

The gentleman who are boosting the scheme are not doing it to knock on the business of the other factories but to develop a trade, as there is a good field for the industry in this vicinity.

The factory will be opened March 1. As soon as possible the backers of the proposition expect to employ from twenty-five to thirty men. Some packings of tobacco have already been purchased. A representative will be sent out to work on a circuit comprised of the towns in this vicinity.

German Farmers for the Northwest

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 15.—According to word received here, forty-five families are scheduled to sail from Germany today to take up farms in Pine county, Minnesota. Their coming marks the beginning of a new immigration movement of German farmers into this state and results from the efforts of the Minnesota immigration Bureau.

The prospective settlers come from Galicia, where they have lived on small farms and have saved small sums, but have not enjoyed the political and religious freedom they desire.

The forty-five families form but the advance guard of a small army of Germans this year to engage in

farming, dairying and stock-raising.

BRODHEAD.

Brodhead, Feb. 15.—Deputy Fire Marshal B. S. Summers of Monroe spent a part of Saturday in the city.

Atty. J. L. Sherren of Monroe was a Brodhead visitor Saturday.

Mrs. G. E. Dix and son Lionel spent Saturday in Durand with friends.

Dr. Lee Howe returned to Chicago after being home some time on the sick list.

W. W. Baird spent Saturday in Janesville.

Oscar Meldehauer of Juda was a business caller in Brodhead Saturday.

Andrew Thompson of Orfordville spent Saturday in Brodhead.

Mrs. J. A. Patten of Juda was a Brodhead visitor on Saturday.

A good sized blizzard raged here all day Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. C. A. Anderson expect to move to Morristown, March 1.

Miss Phoebe Cortelyou underwent

an operation in Mercy hospital, Janesville, on Friday, for a tumor, which was successful and she is doing nicely.

Miss Lena V. Newman has been

teaching in the Deuter school in

place of Miss Zell Skinner, who is

sick.

Injuries Only to Pedestrian.

The white car tore very smoothly

along the straight road between the fields. "And they say"—her red lips curled in a disdainful smile—"they say that the jar of automobile is injurious to the nerves!" "Pooh," he sneered, "it is only foot passengers who say that!" And he strolled with

aplomb still straight at a fat old man with a sack of grain on his back.

Want Ads. bring results.

SEEKING CREDIT IN BRINGING THE SUIT

Many Aspirants for the Honor of Discovering a Suit Should Be Started.

[RETRIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

[RETRIAL TO THE GAZETTE.]

Judgment of Judge Ludwig of Milwaukee, adjudicating Emelie Beranek the common-law wife of Frank Severa and as such entitled to \$648.50 damages and costs, including the benefits from the certificate in the Slavonic society held by Severa. Severa was divorced from his wife in Milwaukee on Feb. 3, 1906, and in the following August he married Emelie Beranek in Chicago, in order to evade the Wisconsin statute prohibiting the marriage of divorced persons within a year. From that time until Severa died in July, 1907, they lived together as man and wife. Judge Ludwig decided Emelie Beranek was entitled to the death benefit from the Slavonic society, on the ground that she was Severa's common-law wife. He added that inasmuch as she was Severa's common-law wife it would not be necessary to take up the validity of the Illinois marriage.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.

No. 212—Albert Loewenbach, pltf. & app., vs. City of Milwaukee, et al., def. & resps.—In the appeal from the decision of the circuit court in Milwaukee, upholding the contention of Loewenbach that there is nothing in the Milwaukee city charter to compel the paving of State street between 23d and 27th streets, with vitrified brick and concrete, without petition from the abutting property-owners.

No. 219—In the matter of the will of Julia F. Adelman—Mary Elizabeth Flaherty vs. Peter J. Adelman.—The second paragraph of the will of Julia Adelman was declared null and void in the Milwaukee county court because it suspended absolute power of alienation for more than two lives and 21 years thereafter. Judge Ludwig in the circuit court later upheld this decision. The second paragraph of the will gave to her father, J. P. Meyer, \$136 a year from the rental of certain property in South Milwaukee and provided that the surplus be divided among the testator's brother and sisters; after the decease of the father the rental to be divided among the brother and sisters; and after the death of the latter the property was to be sold and divided among the children of those brothers and sisters.